



TIME FOR PRACTICE – ASKING QUESTIONS WITH “DO” OR “DOES”



<p><b>Im Deutschen durch Änderung der Wortstellung</b>          Du <b>sprichst</b> Englisch.  <b>Sprichst</b> du Englisch?          I / You / We / They write, run, play,.....<b>Do.... ?</b></p>	<p><b>Im Englischen mit „do“ oder „does“</b>          You speak English.  <b>Do</b> you speak English?          He / She / It writes, speaks, sings,..<b>Does .....</b> ?</p>
---	---



**This is Enrico. He comes from Italy. He is new in the class. He doesn't speak any German. His friends ask him some questions in English.**



**DO** you come from a big city in Italy? (you)

*I come from Napoli.*

..... you like it here in Austria? (you)

.....

..... you have sisters or brothers? (you!)

.....

..... your brother go to an Austrian school? (he!)

.....

..... your sister also go to an Austrian school? (she!)

.....

..... your father work with an Austrian company? (he!)

.....

..... your mother work too? (she!)

.....

..... your parents like it here? (they!)

.....

..... they speak German? (the parents!)

.....

..... you speak Italian at home? (you)

.....

**Complete the questions with „do“ or „does“ and fill in Enrico's answers**

Yes, I like it here. - I have one brother and one sister. – My brother goes to an Austrian school. – My sister goes to Kindergarten. – Yes, he does. - Mother is at home. – Yes, they like it very much. - Mother speaks Italian, Father speaks some German - We speak Italian at home.



**TIME FOR PRACTICE – ASKING QUESTIONS  
WITH “DO” OR “DOES”**



**Im Deutschen durch Änderung der Wortstellung**

Du **sprichst** Englisch.

**Sprichst** du Englisch?

I / You / We / They write, run, play,.....**Do.... ?**

**Im Englischen mit „do“ oder „does“**

You speak English.

**Do** you speak English?

He / She / It writes, speaks, sings,..**Does .....** ?



**This is Enrico. He comes from Italy. He is new in the class. He doesn't speak any German. His friends ask him some questions in English.**

**Do** you come from a big city in Italy? (you)

*I come from Napoli.*

**Do** you like it here in Austria? (you)

*Yes, I like it here.*

**Do** you have sisters or brothers? (you!)

*I have one brother and one sister.*

**Does** your brother go to an Austrian school? (he!)

*My brother goes to an Austrian school.*

**Does** your sister also go to an Austrian school? (she!)

*My sister goes to Kindergarten.*

**Does** your father work with an Austrian company? (he!)

*Yes, he does.*

**Does** your mother work too? (she!)

*Mother is at home.*

**Do** your parents like it here? (they!)

*Yes, they like it very much.*

**Do** they speak German? (the parents!)

*Mother speaks Italian, Father speaks some German.*

**Do** you speak Italian at home? (you)

*We speak Italian at home.*

You get one point for each correct answer.  
Maximum = 18

Your points:





TIME FOR PRACTICE – ASKING QUESTIONS WITH “DO” OR “DOES”



<b>Im Deutschen durch Änderung der Wortstellung</b>	<b>Im Englischen mit „do“ oder „does“</b>
Du <b>sprichst</b> Englisch.	You speak English.
<b>Sprichst</b> du Englisch?	<b>Do</b> you speak English?
I / You / We / They write, run, play,..... <b>Do</b> .... ?	He / She / It writes, speaks, sings,.. <b>Does</b> ..... ?



**This is Lilly. She comes from Ireland. She too is new in the class. She speaks little German. Her friends ask her some questions in English.**



**DO** you come from England, Scotland or Ireland ? (you!)

*I come from Ireland.*



..... your father drive an Irish car? (he!)

.....

..... it have an Irish number plate? (it!)

.....

..... people drive on the left side of the road at home? (they!)

.....

..... your parents speak German? (they!)

.....

..... you speak English at home with your parents (you)?

.....

..... you have a best friend in Ireland? (you!)

.....

..... you miss her? (you!)

.....

..... she send you E-mails? (she!)

.....

..... you write back to her? (you!)

.....

**Complete the questions with „do“ or „does“ and fill in Lilly’s answers**

Yes, Father drives an English car. – Yes, it has an English number plate. – Yes, they drive on the left side. – Mother speaks English, Father speaks German. – I speak English with my mother and German with my father. - My best friend is Alice. – Yes, I miss her every day. – Yes, she writes many E-mails. – I write her every day.



**TIME FOR PRACTICE – ASKING QUESTIONS  
WITH “DO” OR “DOES”**

<p><b>Im Deutschen durch Änderung der Wortstellung</b> Du <b>sprichst</b> Englisch. <b>Sprichst</b> du Englisch? I / You / We / They write, run, play,.....<b>Do.... ?</b></p>	<p><b>Im Englischen mit „do“ oder „does“</b> You speak English. <b>Do</b> you speak English? He / She / It writes, speaks, sings,..<b>Does .....</b> ?</p>
--	--



**This is Lilly. She comes from Ireland.  
She too is new in the class. She speaks little German.  
Her friends ask her some questions in English.**



**Do** you come from England, Scotland or Ireland ? (you!)  
*I come from Ireland.*

**Does** your father drive an Irish car? (he!)  
*Yes, Father drives an Irish car.*

**Does** it have an Irish number plate? (it!)  
*Yes, it has an Irish number plate.*

**Do** people drive on the left side of the road at home? (they!)  
*Yes, they drive on the left side.*

**Do** your parents speak German? (they!)  
*Mother speaks English, Father speaks German.*

**Do** you speak English at home with your parents (you)?  
*I speak English with my mother and German with my father.*

**Do** you have a best friend Ireland (you!)  
*My best friend is Alice.*

**Do** you miss her? (you!)  
*Yes, I miss her every day.*

**Does** she send you E-mails? (she!)  
*Yes, she writes many E-mails.*

**Do** you write back to her? (you!)  
*Yes, I write her every day.*

You get one point for each correct answer.  
Maximum = 18

Your points:



## TIME FOR PRACTICE – QUESTION WORDS



### Remember the English question words:

Die meisten beginnen mit dem Buchstaben "w", eines jedoch hat einen anderen Anfangsbuchstaben. Suche die sieben Fragewörter im Rätsel, kreise sie ein und schreibe die englischen und deutschen Ausdrücke daneben.

	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>H</b>
<b>1</b>	o	a	c	w	h	e	r	e
<b>2</b>	i	m	w	h	a	t	r	y
<b>3</b>	c	s	p	w	h	i	c	h
<b>4</b>	k	t	v	j	j	z	z	s
<b>5</b>	o	w	h	y	e	h	w	o
<b>6</b>	j	r	d	h	o	w	o	v
<b>7</b>	b	s	d	d	w	h	o	y
<b>8</b>	k	c	k	m	w	h	e	n

English
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

German
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Bilde mit der Buchstabenkette die englischen Fragewörter. Streiche die Buchstaben, die du verwendest, durch und schreibe sie in das Kästchen. Es darf kein Buchstabe übrig bleiben.

w - a - t - e - w - h - o - w - y - w - h - w - e - h - i - h - o - h - w - h - e - h -  
c - w - h

Jetzt bist du schon Fragewörter-Expertin oder Experte. Vielleicht kannst du ja außer Deutsch und Englisch noch eine Sprache. Wenn das so ist, setze in die untere Zeile die Fragewörter in deiner dritten Sprache ein.

<b>Deutsch</b>	wer?		wie?	warum?		welche/r/s	wann?
<b>Englisch</b>		what?			where?		



## TIME FOR PRACTICE – USING ENGLISH QUESTION WORDS



Enrico has lost his wallet (Geldbörse). He asks a policewoman for help.

She asks him some questions.

- ..... did you lose it? (wo?)
- ..... colour is it? (was für eine ...)
- ..... big is it? (wie?)
- ..... much money is in it? (wie viel?)
- ..... did you miss it? (wann?)
- ..... did you carry it in your jeans pocket and not in your bag? (warum?)
- ..... pocket did you put it in? (in welche?)
- ..... was sitting next to you on the bus? (wer?)
- ..... old was the person? (wie?)
- ..... did the person look like? (Achtung deutsch „Wie hat die Person ausgesehen?“)
- .....’s your name? (Achtung im Deutschen „Wie heißt du?“)
- ..... do you live? (wo?)
- ..... can I reach you? (wie?)
- .....’s your telephone number? (Was hast du ....?)
- ..... can I contact your parents? (wie?)
- ..... are you at home? (wann?)
- ..... is your mother at home? (wann?)



Cross out:

Where – where – what –what – what – what - how – how – how – how – how – when –  
when – when – which – why - who



## TIME FOR PRACTICE – USING ENGLISH QUESTION WORDS



Erico has lost his wallet (Geldbörse). He asks a policewoman for help.

She asks him many questions.

**Where** did you lose it? (wo?)

**What** colour is it? (was für eine ...)

**How** big is it? (wie?)

**How** much money is in it? (wie viel?)

**When** did you miss it? (wann?)

**Why** did you carry it in your jeans pocket and not in your bag? (warum?)

**Which** pocket did you put it in? (in welche?)

**Who** was sitting next to you on the bus? (wer?)

**How** old was the person? (wie?)

**What** did the person look like? (Achtung, im Deutschen "wie")

**What's** your name`

**Where** do you live? (wo?)

**How** can I reach you? (wie?)

**What's** your telephone number? (was hast du ....?)

**How** can I contact your parents? (wie?)

**When** are you at home? (wann?)

**When** is your mother at home? (wann?)

You get one point for  
each correct answer.  
Maximum = 17

Your points:



TIME FOR PRACTICE – TRICKY QUESTION WORDS



Manche englischen Fragewörter klingen so ähnlich wie deutsche, aber das täuscht.  
who? = wer?  
where ? = wo / wohin ?



Erico meets Lilly after school



Complete the dialogue.

- Erico: Hi, Lilly ..... are you? (wie)
- Lilly: Fine, and you?
- Erico: I've lost my wallet.
- Lilly: Oh no, bad luck. .... did you lose it? (wo)
- Erico: In the bus on my way to school I think.
- Lilly: ..... did you sit in the bus? (wo)
- Erico: At the front.
- Lilly: ..... was sitting next to you? (wer)
- Erico: A young man. He started a conversation with me. He asked me ..... I had to get off. (wo)
- Lilly: ..... did he get off? (wo)
- Erico: Two bus stops before me.
- Lilly: He knew exactly what he was doing. Did you ask for help?
- Erico: Yes, a police woman asked me..... I am and ..... I live. (wer /wo)
- Lilly: Well, good luck, I hope you will get it back.
- Erico: So do I. Bye.
- Lilly: Bye. See you tomorrow in school.







## TIME FOR PRACTICE – TRICKY QUESTION WORDS



Manche englischen Fragewörter klingen so ähnlich wie deutsche, aber das täuscht.

who? = wer?  
where? = wo / wohin?



### Enrico meets Lilly after school

Complete the dialogue.

Enrico: Hi, Lilly **how** are you?

Lilly: Fine, and you?

Enrico: I've lost my wallet.

Lilly: Oh no, bad luck. **Where** did you lose it?

Enrico: In the bus on my way to school, I think.

Lilly: **Where** did you sit in the bus?

Enrico: At the front.

Lilly: **Who** was sitting next to you?

Enrico: A young man. He started a conversation with me. He asked me **where** I had to get off.

Lilly: **Where** did he get off?

Enrico: Two bus stops before me.

Lilly: He knew exactly what he was doing. Did you ask for help?

Enrico: Yes, a police woman asked me **who** I am and **where** I live.

Lilly: Well, good luck, I hope you will get it back.

Enrico: So do I. Bye.

Lilly: Bye. See you tomorrow in school.

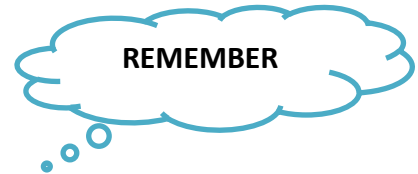
You get one point for each correct answer.  
Maximum =

Your points: 8





## TIME FOR PRACTICE – OTHER WAYS OF ASKING QUESTIONS



Du kannst mit „is“, „are“, „has“, „have“, „can“, „could“, „shall“, „should“, „may“, „must“, „will“, „would“, Fragen bilden **ohne** Verwendung von „do“ oder „does“

Suche die zwölf Wörter im Rätsel, kreuze sie ein und schreibe die englischen und deutschen Ausdrücke daneben.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
1	k	t	v	j	j	z	c	o	u	l	d	z
2	s	o	e	w	i	l	l	h	w	o	j	r
3	d	o	v	b	s	d	i	s	d	y	k	c
4	k	m	k	i	o	n	w	o	u	l	d	j
5	g	g	v	n	n	w	l	t	h	m	a	y
6	g	s	d	p	e	j	y	m	k	e	t	t
7	n	d	s	h	a	l	l	h	a	s	s	w
9	j	c	j	s	h	o	u	l	d	o	c	m
10	m	q	f	p	j	t	m	u	s	t	r	f
11	c	a	n	i	v	q	m	h	a	v	e	d
12	y	p	x	a	r	e	s	z	b	h	c	d

English

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

German

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Vielleicht kannst du ja außer Deutsch und Englisch noch eine Sprache. Wenn das so ist, setze in die Tabelle die entsprechenden Wörter in deiner dritten Sprache ein.

<b>Deutsch</b>	ist		kann	soll		muss
<b>Englisch</b>		has			may	

<b>Deutsch</b>		werden		haben		
<b>Englisch</b>	could		would		are	should



## TIME FOR PRACTICE – OTHER WAYS OF ASKING QUESTIONS



Du kannst mit „is“, „are“, „have“, „has“, „can“, „shall“, „should“, „may“, „must“, „will“, „would“, ..... Fragen bilden **ohne** Verwendung von „do“ oder „does“



Enrico has to do a German test. He asks his teacher:



- ..... the test difficult? (ist)
- ..... there many questions? (sind)
- .....I really do it tomorrow? (muss)
- .....I do it later ? (kann)
- .....I use a dictionary? (darf)
- .....you help me? (könnten Sie)
- .....you explain some things again? (würden Sie)
- .....I work quickly? (soll)
- .....you be very strict when you correct it? (werden Sie)
- .....I got another chance if I fail? (habe)
- ..... all German tests like this? (sind)
- ..... I good in German? (bin )



You need:

Is (ist) – am (bin) – will (werde) – are (sind) – have (habe) – must (muss) – will you (werden Sie) – can (kann) – may (darf) – shall (soll) – could (könnten Sie) – would (würden Sie) – have (habe)



## TIME FOR PRACTICE – OTHER WAYS OF ASKING QUESTIONS

Du kannst mit „is“, „are“, „have“, „has“, „can“, „shall“, „should“, „may“, „must“, „will“, „would“, ..... Fragen bilden **ohne** Verwendung von „do“ oder „does“



Enrico has to do a German test. He asks his teacher:

**Is** the test difficult? (ist)

**Are** there many questions? (sind)

**Must** I really do it tomorrow? (muss)

**Can** I do it later ? (kann)

**May** I use a dictionary? (darf)

**Could** you help me? (könnten Sie)

**Would** you explain some things again? (würden Sie)

**Shall** I work quickly? (soll)

**Will** you be very strict when you correct it? (werden Sie)

**Have** I got another chance if I fail? (habe)

**Are** all German tests like this? (sind)

**Am** I good in German? (bin)



You get one point  
for each correct  
answer.  
Maximum = 12

